

# Arithmetic Sequences Guided Notes

## What is a Sequence?

A sequence is a set of numbers in a specific order.

## Terms in a Sequence

The terms in a sequence are the numbers (or fractions or decimals) in a sequence.

## Arithmetic Sequence

It is a numerical sequence that increases or decreases with a constant rate.

## Common Difference

The common difference is the difference between any two consecutive terms in an arithmetic sequence. Its value must be the same for any two consecutive terms.

## Writing Arithmetic Sequences

If we are given some terms in an arithmetic sequence, we find the common difference and write the arithmetic sequence by adding the common difference to each last term.

**Problem 1: Determine whether the sequence below is an arithmetic sequence. If yes, find the next two terms also.**

**-13, -11, -9, -7, ...**

## Arithmetic Sequences Guided Notes

### $n^{\text{th}}$ Term in a Sequence

In an arithmetic sequence, the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term in a sequence is sequence as:

$$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1) \cdot d$$

Where,

$a_n = n^{\text{th}}$  term of the sequence

$a_1 = 1^{\text{st}}$  term of the sequence

$d$  = common difference

$n$  = term number

**Problem 2: Find the  $9^{\text{th}}$  term in the sequence given below.**

**7, 11, 15, 19, ...**